

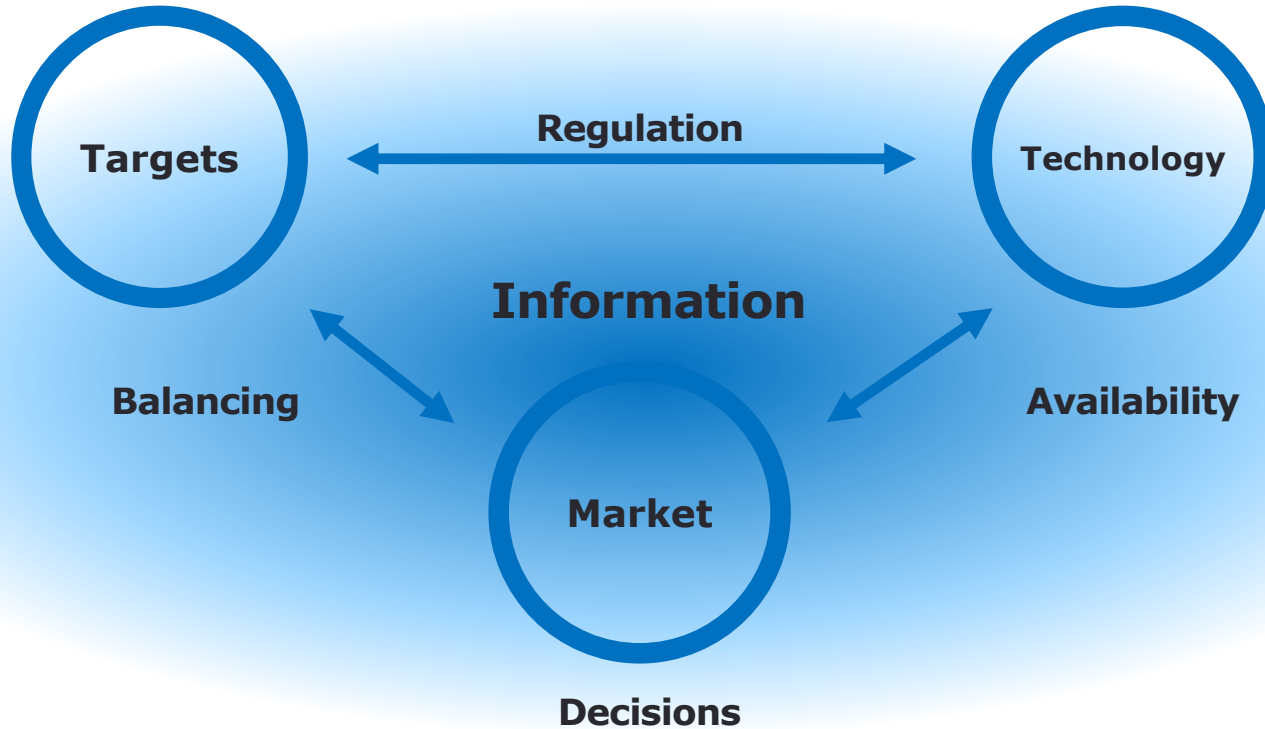


# Prospects for the electrification of transport

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# EU Climate objectives

## Sustainable Smart Mobility Strategy





# Predictable regulation drives eMobility in EU

## EU regulation

- ✓ Regulation for the deployment of alternative fuels infrastructure (AFIR)
- ✓ Performance standards (CO2)
- ✓ Energy Performance of Buildings Directive (EPBD)
- ✓ Clean Vehicles directive (CVD)
- ✓ Effort sharing regulation & ETS2



## EU REGULATION

### Emission reduction

- the availability of electric vehicles
- construction of charging infrastructure

## National targets derives from the EU regulation

**2030**

Halving the greenhouse gas emissions of domestic transportation

**2045**

zero emissions Domestic transportation



### FULL ELECTRIC VEHICLE

plays significant role of cost-effective emission reduction in transportation

since

it eliminates the use of fossil fuels and therefore emissions permanently throughout its lifecycle without additional measures.



**Consistent emission standards  
increasingly expand  
the electric vehicle offering towards  
fully electric cars.**

## BEV/PHEV

BEV PHEV	2024 (Q2)	Fullfilment 2030 scenario
BEV	99 343	16 %
PHEV	152 209	51 %

## Scenario 2030

BEV/PHEV  
Vehicle Fleet  
(share of total car fleet)

BEV 626 800 ( 22 % )

PHEV 298 800 ( 10 % )

Total 925 600

## Full electric vans, busses and trucks

Full electric vehicles	2024 (Q2)	Fullfilment 2030 scenario
Vans	3 744	8,8 %
Trucks	84	0,4 %
Buses	781	21,7 %



## Scenario 2030

Electric Vehicle Fleet  
(share of total vehicle fleet)

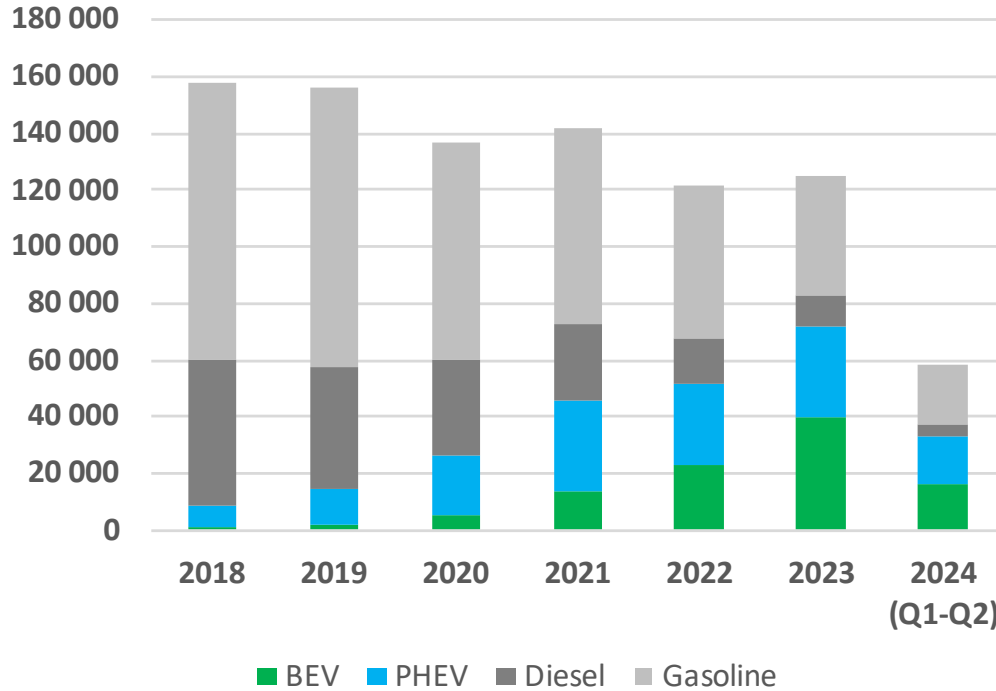
Vans 42 500 ( 13 %)

Trucks 2 400 ( 2,5 %)

busses 3 600 ( 30 %)

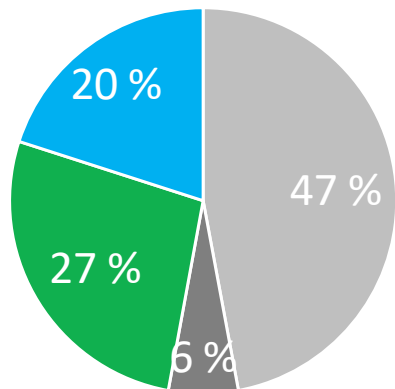


## Renewal – new registrations & imported used cars

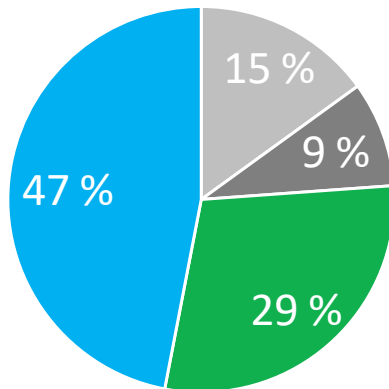


## Renewal – new registrations & imported used cars

### New registrations



### Imported used cars



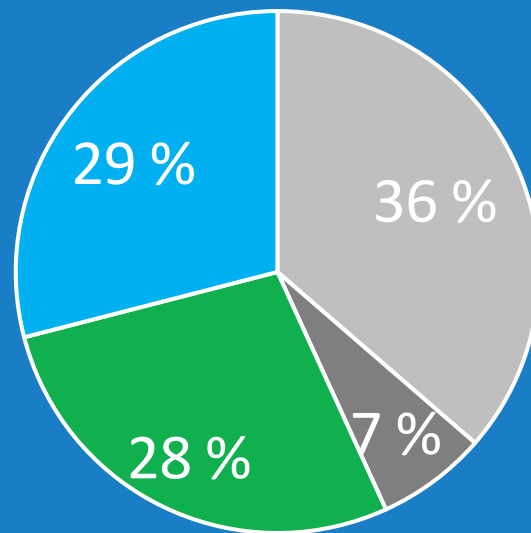
+

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■ BEV ■ PHEV ■ Diesel ■ Gasoline

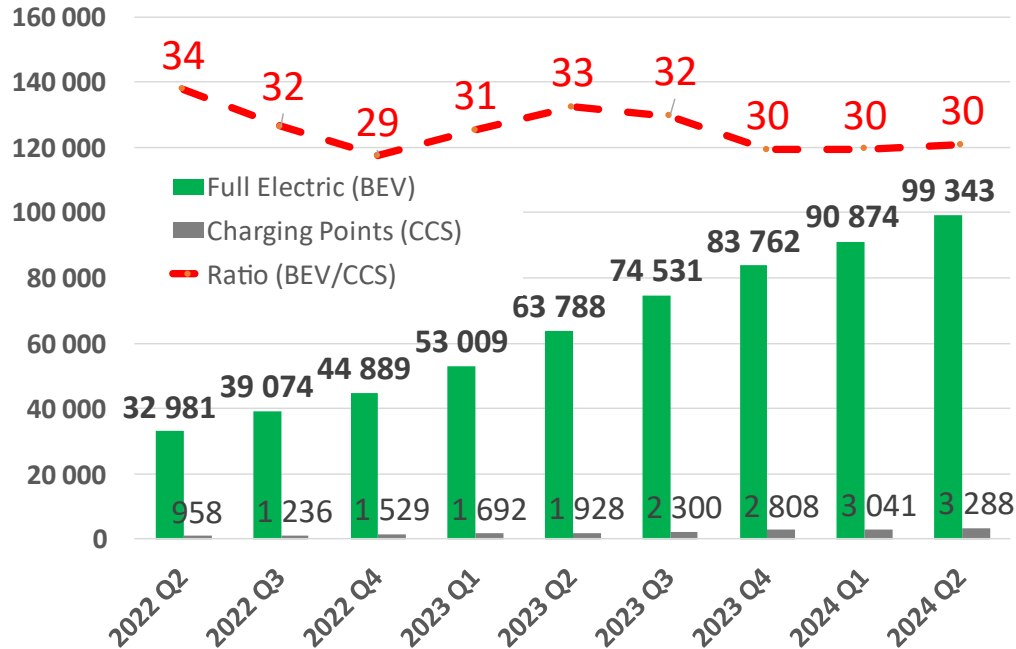


## Car fleet renewal 2024 (Q1-Q2)



# Electric Vehicles (BEV) and Charging points (CCS)

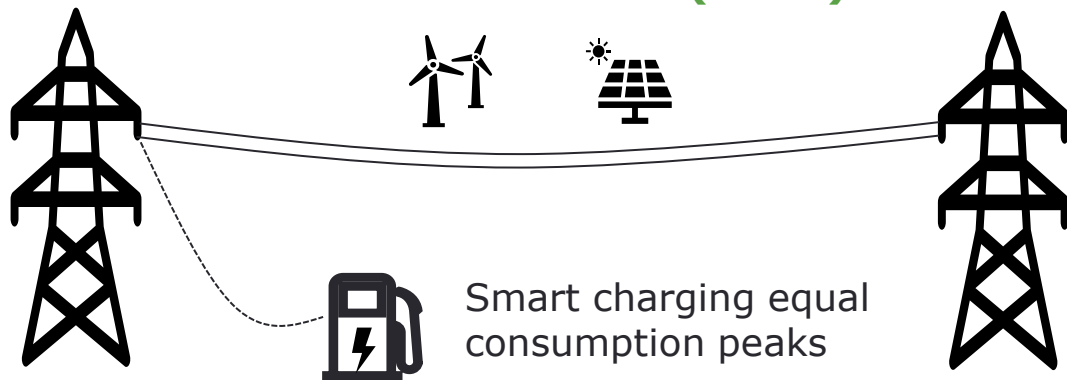
## BEV / CCS charging points



2/3 of the  
CCS charging points  
enables  
**≥ 150 kW power**

# Low emission energy creates sustainable basis for electrification in Finland

Electricity consumption  
in Finland 92 TWh (2030)



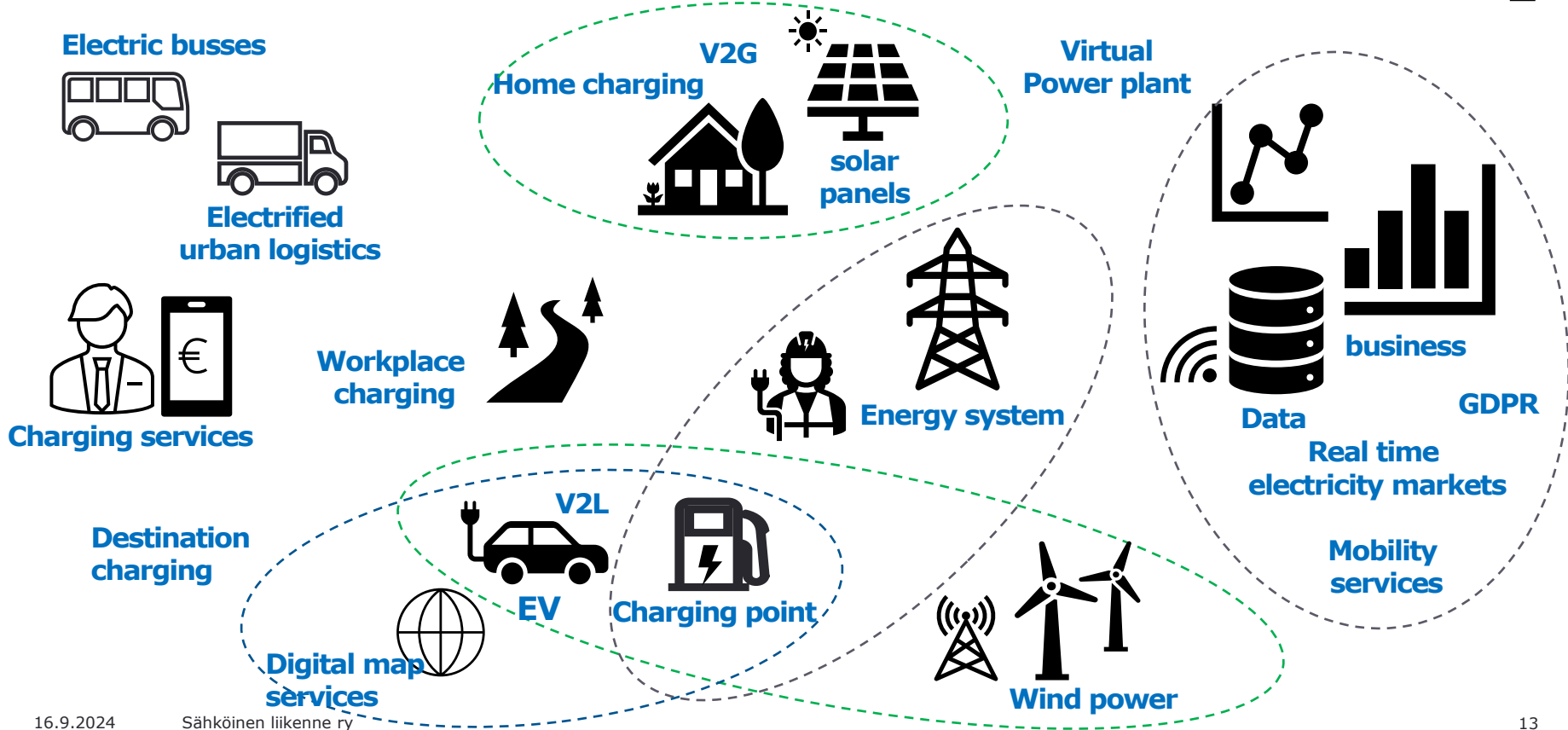
+4%

By electrifying transportation only a small effect for electricity consumption


## Benefits for energy system 2030

- Electricity consumption only + **3,5 TWh**
- Multiplied energy efficiency
- Better delivery security
- Increased self-sufficiency
- Less imported fossil fuels

# eMobility creates new business opportunities







**Emission standards have only an indirect influence on consumer and business purchasing decisions.**

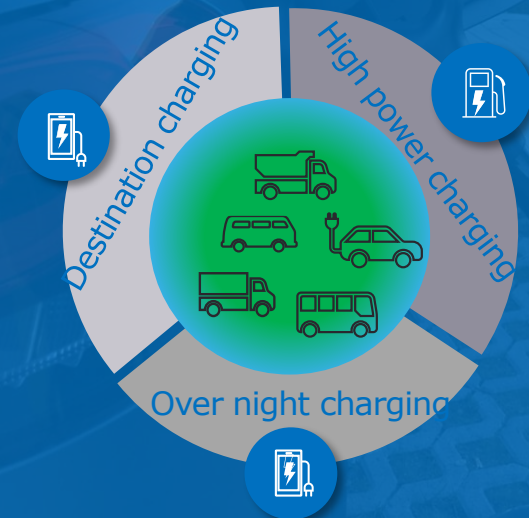
**The pace of electrification is strongly influenced by national policy measures that affect the choices of consumers and businesses.**

## What balancing is needed to reach the targets

The development of road transport towards zero emissions will happen faster and more permanently when:

- ❖ A favorable environment enables faster renewal of the vehicle fleet than at present.
- ❖ Vehicle purchases and investments are encouraged to be full electric.
- ❖ The construction of charging infrastructure is promoted to enable smooth everyday mobility.

A comprehensive and smart charging network optimized for the needs of all road transport maximizes electrified kilometers.



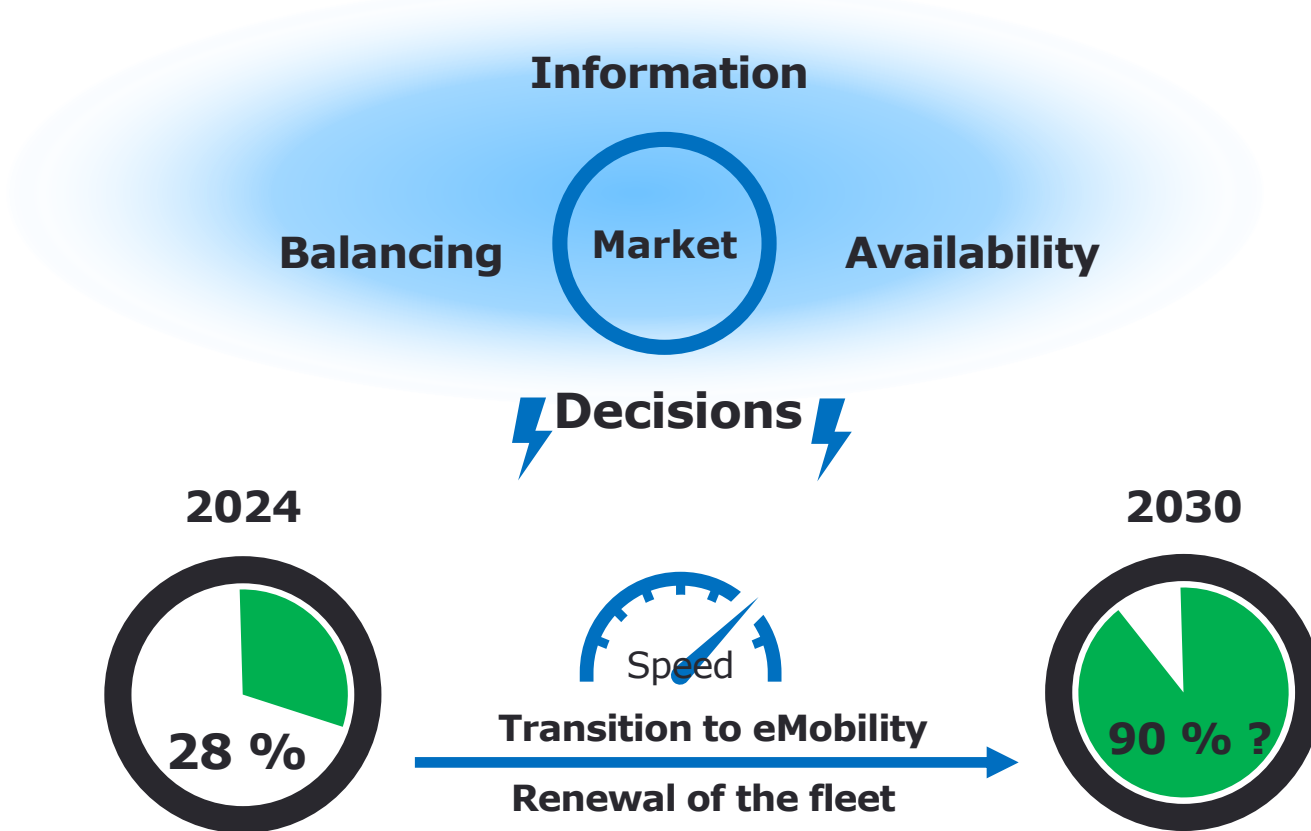


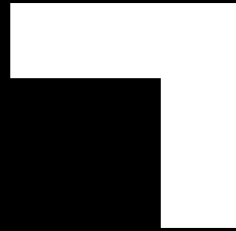
## Facts and other things promoting electrification

- ❖ Energy efficiency and smart charging
- ❖ Corporate sustainability goals
- ❖ Low cost of use / Lifecycle cost of ownership
- ❖ Positive driving experiences
- ❖ The benefits for business and environment
- ❖ The availability and ease of use of charging
- ❖ The commercialization of megawatt charging
- ❖ Home, terminal and overnight charging possibilities
- ❖ Charging services aimed for professional transport



# Electrification towards targets needs balancing actions, availability, information





# Sähköinen liikenne E-mobility